

Simple Linear Regression

Data: Neter, Wasserman & Kuttner (1989), Page 57, Problem 2.19.

X	Y	\bar{Y}
0	8, 9, 11, 12	10
1	13, 15, 16	14.67
2	17, 19	18
3	22	22

Intermediate Calculations

$$\begin{aligned} \sum X_i &= 10; & \sum X_i^2 &= 20; & \sum (X_i - \bar{X})^2 &= 10; & \bar{X} &= 1 \\ \sum Y_i &= 142; & \sum Y_i^2 &= 2194; & \sum (Y_i - \bar{Y})^2 &= 177.6; & \bar{Y} &= 14.2 \\ \sum X_i Y_i &= 182; & \sum (X_i - \bar{X})(Y_i - \bar{Y}) &= 40 & & & & \end{aligned}$$

Algebraic form

$$\begin{aligned} 10b_0 + 10b_1 &= 142 \\ 10b_0 + 20b_1 &= 182 \end{aligned}$$

Normal Equations (NE) Matrix form $\begin{bmatrix} 10 & 10 \\ 10 & 20 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} b_0 \\ b_1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 142 \\ 182 \end{bmatrix}$

$$b_1 = \frac{\sum (X_i - \bar{X})(Y_i - \bar{Y})}{\sum (X_i - \bar{X})^2} = \frac{\sum X_i Y_i - (\sum X_i \sum Y_i)/n}{\sum X_i^2 - \sum (X_i)^2/n} = 4.0$$

$$b_0 = \bar{Y} - b_1 \bar{X} = 10.2$$

Sums of Squares (SS) Regression = $\sum (\hat{Y}_i - \bar{Y})^2 = b_1^2 \sum (X_i - \bar{X})^2 = 160$
 Total (Corrected) = $\sum (Y_i - \hat{Y}_i)^2 = \sum Y_i^2 - \frac{(\sum Y)^2}{n} = 2194 - \frac{142^2}{10} = 177.6$
 Residual = SSTotal - SSRegression = 177.6 - 160 = 17.6

ANOVA TABLE

SOURCE	d.f.	SS	MS	F
Regression	1	160.0	160.0	72.727
Residual or Error	8	17.6	2.20	
Total	9	177.6		

$F_{0.05, 1, 10 df} = 5.32$

WE CONCLUDE THAT THERE IS EVIDENCE THAT $\beta_1 \neq 0$.

Error Estimates: $S^2 = \frac{SSE_{Error}}{df_{Error}} = MSE = \frac{17.6}{8} = 2.20$

$$S_{b_0} = \sqrt{S^2 \left[\frac{1}{n} + \frac{\bar{X}^2}{\sum (X_i - \bar{X})^2} \right]} = 0.6633 \text{ and } S_{b_1} = \sqrt{\frac{S^2}{\sum (X_i - \bar{X})^2}} = 0.4690$$